Year A	Autumn 1 Marvellous Me	Autumn 2 Shine light, shine bright	Spring 1 Dinosaur Roar	Spring 2 Roots, shoots and Fruits	Summer 1 We're Going on Safari	Summer 2 Down on the Ground
Focus	Science - human body	History – Great Fire of London	History - dinosaurs Mary Seacole	Science - plants	Geography	Science - minibeasts and habitats
	Phonics Morning	Maths afternoon	Dinosaur Park SB	Outdoor learning with parents - growing	Africa Alive AS	Outdoor learning with parents -minibeasts habitats
Literacy ideas	Fact file about themselves Funny Bones Senses poem/Non-Fiction books about senses	Samuel Pepys Diary Nocturnal animals Instruction writing Bonfire night poem	Dinosaur Diary Tyrannosaurus Drip Story writing Dinosaur sighting on field Letter writing	Supertato Instruction writing/Bean diary Jack and the Beanstalk	Handa's Surprise Write own story Anansi Recount	Superworm Non-chron report Snail habitat
Science	Human body Parts of the body Senses / Exercise/Food AS	Electricity Make building/circuits SB	Dinosaurs and animals AS	Plants (Twinkl) AS	Animal Kingdom (Twinkl) SB	Living things and their habitats (Twinkl) AS
Objectives covered	Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited, and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other. Find out about and describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival. Working scientifically Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions	Observe and name a variety of light, including electric lights, flames and the sun Associate shadows with a light source being blocked by something Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching Identify and compare the uses of variety of materials Working scientifically Identifying and classifying Performing simple tests Asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways	Sort and classify things according to whether they are living, dead or were never alive. Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using their ideas of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food Identify and name a variety of common animals that are herbivores, carnivores and omnivores Working scientifically Observe closely, using simple equipment. Use their observations ad ideas to suggest answers to questions. Raise and answer questions that help	Identify and name a variety of common plants, including garden plants, wild plants and trees, and those classified as deciduous and evergreen Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering pants, including roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers. Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy Working scientifically Observe closely, using simple equipment. Use their observations ad ideas to suggest answers to questions. Raise and answer questions that help	Identify and name a variety of common animals that are birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and invertebrates Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals, invertebrates and pets) Identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitats	explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other Working Scientifically asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways observing closely, using simple equipment performing simple tests using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions gathering and recording data to help in answering questions

History/ Geography	History Nurturing nurses (Twinkl) SB	History Great Fire of London (Twinkl) AS	History Mary Anning (fossil discovery) SB https://www.keystagehistor y.co.uk/keystage-1/the- ups-and-downs-of-mary- annings-life/	Geography What a Wonderful World (Twinkl) SB	Geography Sensational Safari (Twinkl) AS	Geography Local Area (Twinkl) SB
Objectives covered	 Talk about the differences and similarities in the lives of Florence Nightingale, and Edith Cavell. Have an understanding of the chronology of the historical periods in which Florence Nightingale, Mary Seacole and Edith Cavell lived. Recall some key facts about the experiences of Florence Nightingale, Mary Seacole and Edith Cavell. 	 To develop an awareness of the past in the context of comparing present-day London to the London that existed before 1666 To identify differences and similarities between ways of life in different periods To know and understand key features of an event beyond living memory that are nationally significant To understand key features of events, choosing and using parts of stories and asking and answering questions through discussing and thinking of the ways in which London was changed and rebuilt after the Great Fire 	The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements.	 Describe simple human and physical features about the continents of the world. Name and begin to locate countries of the world using an atlas or globe. Describe a journey line in detail using key geographical vocabulary. Understand and locate simple climate zones using key terms. Use compass directions (NESW), locational and directional language. Make comparisons between features of different places 	 Describe where Kenya is located in relation to other places in the world. Draw a map of Kenya with some physical and human features and appropriate labels. Describe human and physical features of Kenya and begin to give the location of some of these features. Explain aspects of Kenyan life. Identify features of national parks and game reserves. Explain the importance of tourism to Kenya and give examples of tourist attractions in the country. Draw a map of a national park, including key features. Identify why animals are important to Kenya. Begin to understand the concept of animal 'migration'. Ask geographical questions to find out about places and begin to give reasoning. 	 To recognise human & physical features in the context of children's own locality To use simple fieldwork & observational skills to study the surrounding environment in the context of children's own locality To understand basic geographical features: houses (human features). To develop knowledge about children's locality - jobs (human features). To use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key human/physical features.
Art/DT	Art Portraits (Twinkl)	DT Create 3D Fire of London scene	Art Joan Miro (Twinkl)	DT Sensational Salads (Twinkl)	Art Nature Sculptures (Twinkl)	DT Fabric bunting (Twinkl)

Objectives covered	•	Use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination Develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space	 Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other based on design criteria Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria Build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable 	Learn about the work of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.		Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other based on design criteria Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including ingredients, according to their characteristics Evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria	•	To learn to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products To learn about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space Use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination		Explore and evaluate a range of existing products Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks (for example, cutting, shaping and finishing) Select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including textiles, according to their characteristics Evaluate their ideas and products against a design criteria
ICT		SCRATCH	SCRATCH	SCRATCH		SCRATCH		SCRATCH		SCRATCH
	•	create and debug simple pr use logical reasoning to pre use technology purposefull recognise common uses of	is are; how they are implemented orgrams edict the behaviour of simple pro y to create, organise, store, man information technology beyond seppectfully, keeping personal into	grams ipulate and retrieve digital conte chool	ent					
Music SB		Music Express	Music Express	Music Express		Music Express		Music Express		Music Express
	•	play tuned and untuned inst	ly and creatively by singing songs ruments musically nd understanding to a range of hi lect and combine sounds using th	gh-quality live and recorded mus	ic		1		1	

PSHE AS	We're All Stars	Be friendly, Be Wise	Living Long, Living Strong	Daring to be Different	Dear Diary	Joining in, Joining Up
	 Community Rights and responsibilities Getting to know each other Working together 	 Making and sustaining friendships Conflict resolution Anti-bullying Keeping safe at home and school 	 SRE: Growing & caring for ourselves; Valuing difference & keeping safe; Puberty Healthy eating and exercise Goal-setting and motivation 	 Identity and self esteem Difference and diversity Peer influence and assertiveness 	 Comfortable and uncomfortable feelings Problems in relationships Anti-bullying Help and support 	 Needs and responsibilities Participation Local democracy Voluntary groups Fund-raising activities
RE NC	How do Christians belong to their faith family?	Why is light an important symbol for Christians and Jews?	What do Jews remember on Shabbat?	What does the cross mean to Christians?	Why is meeting together important for Christians?	What do Jesus' parables teach Christians about belonging to the Christian family?
	ATT 1: Learning about religion and belief What important celebrations do Christians take part in? ATT 2: Learning from religion and belief What celebrations are important to you and your family?	ATT 1: Learning about religion and belief What does 'Light' symbolise to Christians and Jews? ATT 2: Learning from religion and belief What 'Light' symbols are important to you and those around you?	ATT 1: Learning about religion and belief What important people and events do Jews think about on Shabbat? ATT 2: Learning from religion and belief What people and events are important to you and your family?	ATT 1: Learning about religion and belief What does the cross mean to Christians? ATT 2: Learning from religion and belief What important symbols do you have?	ATT 1: Learning about religion and belief Why is meeting together important for Christians? ATT 2: Learning from religion and belief What qualities are needed to meet successfully?	ATT 1: Learning about religion and belief What do Jesus' parables teach Christians about belonging to the Christian family? ATT 2: Learning from religion and belief How can we use Jesus' parables in our lives?
PE SB	Multi Skills	Dance Penguin Café	Gym Flight, Wide, Narrow	Games Throwing and Catching	Mini Tennis	Striking and Fielding

	To remember and repeat simple skills and actions with increasing control and coordination. To be able to react to commands To be able to aim with control To be able to respond to changing situations To be able to develop their aiming skills To be able to work as a team To be able to throw and catch with control To be able to understand the importance of exercise and making links with healthy eating To be able to apply what they have learnt to new activities To perform skills with consistent control	 To be able to link movements To develop their own ideas To apply a taught sequence to their own work. To communicate with others. To work as art of a group. Perform ad dance using a range of movement patterns. Compare performances with others. Move around the space with control. 	To be able to jump in a variety of ways. To understand the safety linked with gymnastics. To be able to travel and jump confidently showing a variety of body shapes. To link movements To perform skills with consistent control. To work with partners developing a sequence To show control when jumping, rolling and balancing. To be able to move around the apparatus in a variety of ways, safely and with control.	To show awareness of others and their space To use bean bags with control and confidence To move safely in the space. To roll or balance ball at targets. To develop throwing under arm. To re-call good throwing and catching techniques in various situations. To understand scoring To understand the concept of aiming.	To be balanced when changing direction. Hold a racket with control. To understand a rally To be able to return the ball with control. To respond to partner. To travel in various ways with control To work in a group within a mini tennis activity To develop basic strokes.	 To work as a group. To develop their own ideas for games, including rules and scoring. To perform skills with control. Apply learnt skills to a game situation. To throw and catch with confidence To understand what being healthy means. To be able to hit a stationary ball. To develop hand-eye coordination. 		
PE	Pro-coach	Pro-coach	Pro-coach	Pro-coach	Pro-coach	Pro-coach		
			Reception Overv	view Year A				
		Phonics taught daily in d	iscrete sessions, working through	h school programme following Let	ters and Sounds			
	Phonics taught daily in discrete sessions, working through school programme following Letters and Sounds PSED is not specifically planned for across the year, however there is a focus for PSHE, which can be seen above. The Foundation Stage Principles underpin daily classroom practice which ensures all aspects of developing PSED are covered. Observations and next steps are central to supporting children in making relationships, developing self-confidence and having an awareness and							
PSE		J						
PSE	Gross motor:	Gross motor:		gs and behaviour. Gross motor:	Gross motor:	Gross motor:		

Harvest Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change. Children know about similarities and differences n relation to places, objects, materials and living things.		Throughout the y • Learn to speak with confidentiate isten and respond appropriately wappropriate story language to re- • Learn new vocabulate New Year Chinese New Year Children talk about past and	nce during circle/carpet times with relevant comments, question enact/re-tell simple and familiar ary relating to topics Easter		Children talk about past and
Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change. Children know about similarities and differences n relation to places, objects,	• Use of Halloween Christmas – join in with family customs and routines Diwali	isten and respond appropriately vappropriate story language to re- • Learn new vocabuld New Year Chinese New Year	with relevant comments, question enact/re-tell simple and familiar ary relating to topics Easter	stories Children talk about past and	
Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change. Children know about similarities and differences n relation to places, objects,	• Use of Halloween Christmas – join in with family customs and routines Diwali	appropriate story language to re- • Learn new vocabula New Year Chinese New Year	enact/re-tell simple and familiar ary relating to topics Easter	stories Children talk about past and	
Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change. Children know about similarities and differences n relation to places, objects,	Christmas – join in with family customs and routines Diwali	New Year Chinese New Year	Easter	•	
Looks closely at similarities, differences, patterns and change. Children know about similarities and differences n relation to places, objects,	Christmas – join in with family customs and routines Diwali	Chinese New Year		•	
They talk about the features of their own immediate environment and how environments might vary from one another. They make observations of animals and clants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes. Children talk about past and cresent events in their own ives and in the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.	present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions. Access ICT within the classroom - laptops, iPads and CD player	present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions. Access ICT within the classroom - laptops, iPads and CD player	Children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions. Learn about growth and decay, what plants need to grow. Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. They make observations of plants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes. Use ICT programmes and access ICT independently	lives and in the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions. They make observations of animals and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes. They talk about the features of their own immediate environments might vary from one another. Use ICT to write sentences - keyboard skills. Use iPads to photograph sculptures.	present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know that other children don't always enjoy the same things, and are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions. Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. Use ICT to create a word document with a images.
ore ivene otl are knodif the	esent events in their own es and in the lives of family embers. They know that her children don't always joy the same things, and e sensitive to this. They ow about similarities and eferences between emselves and others, and long families, communities	Access ICT within the classroom - laptops, iPads and CD player Access ICT within the classroom - laptops, iPads and CD player CD player CD player CD player	ildren talk about past and esent events in their own es and in the lives of family embers. They know that her children don't always joy the same things, and esensitive to this. They ow about similarities and efferences between emselves and others, and long families, communities ditraditions.	ildren talk about past and esent events in their own es and in the lives of family embers. They know that the classroom - laptops, iPads and cD player Access ICT within the classroom - laptops, iPads and CD player CD player Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. They make observations of plants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes. Use ICT programmes and access ICT independently directly in the classroom - laptops, iPads and CD player Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. They make observations of plants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes. Use ICT programmes and access ICT independently directly in the classroom - laptops, iPads and CD player Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. They make observations of plants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes. Use ICT programmes and access ICT independently directly in the classroom - laptops, iPads and CD player	ildren talk about past and esent events in their own esent events in their own ese and in the lives of family charter children don't always grown about similarities and others, and temselves and others. Children know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. They make observations of plants and explain why some things occur, and talk about changes. Use ICT to write sentences - keyboard skills. Use iPads to photograph sculptures.

	Expressive in	Expressive in				
	art/drama/dance	art/drama/dance	art/drama/dance	art/drama/dance	art/drama/dance	art/drama/dance
	Create 3D structures	Experiments to make	Manipulate materials to make	Use simple tools and	Sing songs	Experiment with form and
	Begin to construct, stacking	different textures using the	a planned effect to support	techniques appropriately to	Make music using instruments	function by making props,
	blocks vertically and	creative provision	play	create art work-	Dance with and without music	pictures and constructions
	horizontally, making	Explores colour mixing in	Construct with a purpose in	independently explore colour	Select effective tools and	linked to own interests and
	enclosures and creating	painting activities	mind through talking about	mixing	techniques from a range of	those that have been taught
EAD	spaces	Combine different media to	ideas and plans	Join materials to make a	those available	throughout the year
w	Recognise repeated sounds	create different effects		planned effect talking		
	and sound patterns and		Role play	through ideas and plans	Role play	Role play
	match movements to music	Role play	Palaeontologists dig		Children's interest	Minibeast investigation lab
		Bakery		Role play		
	Role play			Garden Centre		
	Doctors Surgery	Santa's Workshop				

Year	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
В	Once upon a time	Frozen Planet	Journey with Me	Journey with Me	Under the Sea	Pirates and parrots
Focus	Literacy - Fairy Tales	Science-Arctic animals	Geog - China	Literacy - Traditional Tales	Geog/Hist - seaside	Hist - Pirates
	Phonics morning	Maths pm	Chinese New Year	Story-teller	Outdoor learning with	Time and Tide Museum
		Outdoor learning	Celebration with parents		parents	
>-	Fairy Tales	Non-chron report (animals)	Stories from other cultures	Traditional tales	Tiddler	Fantasy stories
, Pa	Creative writing -	What am I? Riddles using all	Letter/diary	Gingerbread Man	Snail and the Whale	
Literacy	retell/rewrite fairy tale	4 sentence types	Poetry	Three Little Pigs		
	Character descriptions			Red Riding Hood		
Ŋ	Materials	Autumn and Winter (Twinkl)	Scientists and inventors	Forces/Materials	Spring/Summer	The Environment
enc	(Twinkl)	Arctic habitats	(Twinkl)	3 Little Pigs houses	(Twinkl)	(Twinkl)
Science	SB	AS	SB	AS	SB	AS
Objectives Covered	Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water and rock Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties Find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching. Working Scientifically asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways observing closely, using simple equipment performing simple tests using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions gathering and recording data to help in answering questions	Observe changes across the four seasons Observe and describe the weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies Identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food. Working Scientifically asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways observing closely, using simple equipment performing simple tests using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions gathering and recording data to help in answering questions	To find out how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow while exploring greenhouses To describe the importance of hygiene for humans Describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food and hygiene To find put about people who have developed new materials Identify and compare the uses of a variety of everyday materials, Describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food. Working Scientifically asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways observing closely, using simple equipment performing simple tests using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions gathering and recording data to help in answering questions	Identify and compare the uses of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard Compare how things move on different surfaces Working Scientifically asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways observing closely, using simple equipment performing simple tests using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions gathering and recording data to help in answering questions	Observe changes across the four seasons Observe and describe the weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies Working Scientifically asking simple questions and recognising that they can be answered in different ways observing closely, using simple equipment performing simple tests using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions gathering and recording data to help in answering questions	 To observe closely, using simple equipment by measuring the time taken for ice to melt in a comparative test. To perform simple tests, by comparing the rate of ice melting in a comparative test. To identify and classify by sorting litter into recycling groups based on their materials. To use their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions by suggesting ways that waste can be reduced, reused and recycled Gathering and recording data to help in answering questions by taking surveys To ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways by researching the rainforest. To identify and classify by sorting rainforest animals into animal classification groups. Performing simple tests, by investigating how much water can be saved by turning off the tap while washing hands.

History/ Geography	Geography Magical Mapping (Twinkl) AS	History Explorers (Twinkl) SB	Geography China (Twinkl) AS	History Travel and Transport (Twinkl) SB	Geography Beside the seaside Locational knowledge Name and locate the continents and oceans. (Twinkl) AS	History Horatio Nelson Significant person in local area SB
Objectives Covered	To devise simple maps; and use and construct basic symbols in a key in the context of the school/local area. To use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and locational and directional language to describe the location of features and routes on a map in the context of the school environment. To devise simple maps; and use and construct basic symbols in a key in the context of the school/local area. To use atlases and globes to identify the UK and its countries To name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans To use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features. To use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment To use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key human and physical features.	To develop an awareness of the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements in the context of discussing the criteria for determining what makes a person significant Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods in the context of comparing the missions of Christopher Columbus and Neil Armstrong	To understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country in the context of China. To use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the countries studied at this key stage in the context of China. To devise simple maps To ask geographical questions	To develop an awareness of the past, through finding out about changes within living memory To know where people and events studied fit within a chronological framework; to ask and answer questions, choosing source to show that they know and understand key features of events To develop an awareness of the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements	 To use basic geographical vocabulary, in the context of coastal/ seaside locations and locations relevant to the children themselves. To use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied. To use basic geographical vocabulary to refer to human and physical features To use aerial photographs and to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features, To name, locate and identify characteristics of the four countries and capital cities of the UK To use simple compass directions and locational and directional language to describe the location of features and routes on a map 	To develop an awareness of the lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements in the context of discussing the criteria for determining what makes a person significant

Art/DT	Art Colour chaos (Twinkl)	DT Our Fabric Faces (Twinkl)	Art Landscapes and cityscapes (Twinkl)	DT Moving Pictures (Twinkl)	Art Let's Sculpt (Twinkl)	DT Dips and dippers (Twinkl)
Objectives Covered	Develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space Learn about the work of a range of artists	 Explore and evaluate a range of existing products Select from and use a range of textiles according to their characteristics Design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing and templates Select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks (for example cutting, shaping, joining and finishing) 	To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space, To know about the work of a range of artists, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines,	 Explore and evaluate a range of existing products Explore and use mechanisms (for example sliders, levers), in their products Design purposeful, functional and appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria Generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates and mock-ups Explore and use mechanisms (for example levers, sliders, wheels and axles) in their products Evaluate their ideas against design criteria 	 To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products To know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, making links to their own work To use sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products To use a range of materials creatively to design and make products To develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using line, shape, form and space 	Explore and evaluate a range of existing products in the context of comparing different dips. To understand where foods comes from. Use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet To select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks (for example, cutting)
ICT	SCRATCH	SCRATCH	SCRATCH	SCRATCH	SCRATCH	SCRATCH

- understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions
- create and debug simple programs
- use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs
- use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content
- recognise common uses of information technology beyond school
- use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.

Music SB	Music Express	Music Express	Music Express	Music Express	Music Express	Music Express
	play tuned and urlisten with conce	ntuned instruments musically ntration and understanding to a r	nging songs and speaking chants a range of high-quality live and reco ds using the interrelated dimensi	orded music		
PSHE	It's Our World	Say No!	Money Matters	Who Likes Chocolate?	People Around Us	Growing Up
Objectives Covered	The wider community and local democracy Rights and responsibilities Environmental awareness and sustainability issues	Drugs Education: medicines and legal drugs Drugs Education: illegal drugs and risk-taking behaviour Feeling safe Anti-bullying	 Understanding finance and money Shopping and budgeting Risk and debt Goal-setting and motivation 	 Fair trade Globalisation Inequalities Hunger and poverty Media and stereotyping 	Global citizenship Different identities around the world Challenging prejudice Support networks - relationships and families	 SRE: Differences; Growing up; Puberty & reproduction Managing change Preparing for transition
AS E	How do Jews and Christians celebrate God as provider?	What can we learn about Jesus from the Nativity story?	Why do Jews celebrate Passover (Pesach)?	How do Christians celebrate God the provider?	How do Christians wor	ship across the world?
Objectives Covered	ATT 1: talk about things that some religious people have in common and things that are different ATT 2: talk about what is important to them and others with respect for their feelings	ATT 1: Learning about religion and belief -Recall part of a practice from a religion or world view- Nativity story - Use religious words and phrases e.g. Jesus Use some correct names for things that are special and talk about them. ATT 2: Learning from religion and belief - Give a simple reason using 'because' - Ask questions and talk about questions - Talk about beliefs that are important to them Compare things that influence them and others	ATT 1: Learning about religion and belief What happens at Passover and what are Jews thinking about? ATT 2: Learning from religion and belief What things am I grateful for and how do I make sure I remember them?	ATT 1: talk about things that some religious people have in common and things that are different ATT 2: talk about what is important to them and others with respect for their feelings	ATT 1: Learning about religion of Recall part of a practice from Christians worship - Use religious words and phrast worship, Christians. - Use some correct names for tha about them. ATT 2: Learning from religion of Who do we worship and why? Estendam Why do we worship?	a religion or world view- How ses e.g. worship, place of things that are special and talk and belief

PE SB	Games Bat and Ball Skills	Dance The 3 Little Pigs	Gym Points, Patches, High and Low	Developing working in pairs/group games	Athletics	Striking and Fielding
	 To be able to steer a ball with control To be able to respond to and follow instructions To develop hand-eye coordination To use a ball and a racket with control. To be able to work with others Apply learnt skills to different situations To throw and catch with control. To be able to skip To control the ball with different body parts To be able to identify different body parts To make adjustments to simple games. 	 To move with the music To develop and create their own movements. To apply a taught sequence to their own work. To communicate with others. To work as art of a group. Perform ad dance using a range of movement patterns. Compare performances with others. To move around the space with control. 	 To understand how to be healthy. To understand what balancing is and how to balance with control. To develop their own ideas. To be able to transfer their floor work to the apparatus. To understand safety lined with apparatus and gymnastics. To work with others To be able to link their ideas with a smooth transition. 	 To work with others To adjust skills in a competitive situation To develop their control and co-ordination when dribbling. To apply learnt skills within the partnership. To keep control of their equipment To communicate effectively with each other To apply learnt skills to various activities. 	To be able to move and control their body, whilst running, jumping and throwing. Repeat skills with control To explore how to apply the skills To apply rules for different activities To understand why exercise is important for their body.	 To work as a group. To develop their own ideas for games, including rules and scoring. To perform skills with control. Apply learnt skills to a game situation. To throw and catch with confidence To understand what being healthy means. To be able to hit a stationary ball. To work as a group. To develop their own ideas for games, including rules and scoring. To perform skills with control. Apply learnt skills to a game situation. To throw and catch with confidence To understand what being healthy means. To be able to hit a stationary ball. To develop hand-eye co-ordination. To develop hand-eye co-ordination.
A A	Pro Coach	Pro Coach	Pro Coach	Pro Coach	Pro Coach	Pro Coach

Reception Overview Year B

Phonics taught daily in discrete sessions, working through school programme following Letters and Sounds

PSED	PSED is not specifically planned for across the year, however there is a focus for PSHE, which can be seen above. The Foundation Stage Principles underpin daily classroom practice which ensures all aspects of developing PSED are covered. Observations and next steps are central to supporting children in making relationships, developing self-confidence and having an awareness and managing feelings and behaviour.						
Q	Gross motor: Cooperation games i.e. parachute games. Different ways of moving to be explored with children. Fine motor: Manipulate objects with good fine motor skills Draw lines and circles using gross motor movements Hold pencil beyond whole hand grasp	Gross motor: Ball skills- throwing and catching. Crates play- climbing. Fine motor: Develop muscle tone to put pencil pressure on paper Use tools to effect changes to materials Show preference for dominant hand	Gross motor: Ball skills- aiming, dribbling, pushing, patting, or kicking. Fine motor: Begin to form letters correctly Handle tools, objects, construction and malleable materials with increasing control	Gross motor: Balance- children moving with confidence through dance related activities Fine motor: Hold pencil effectively with comfortable grip Forms recognisable letters most correctly formed	Gross motor: Obstacle activities- children moving over, under, through and around equipment Fine motor: Develop pencil grip and letter formation continually	Gross motor: Races to consider for Sports Day- running race (move in a straight line with speed) and egg and spoon (use bat and bean bag- children to put one hand behind back). Extension- Relay (team work passing a baton). Fine motor: Form letters correctly	
מרו	Throughout the year children will: • Learn to speak with confidence during circle/carpet times • Learn to listen and respond appropriately with relevant comments, questions or actions • Use appropriate story language to re-enact/re-tell simple and familiar stories • Learn new vocabulary relating to topics						

	Harvest	Halloween	New Year	Easter	Children talk about past and	Children talk about past and
	Looks closely at similarities,	Christmas - join in with	Chinese New Year	Lusiei	present events in their own	present events in their own
	differences, patterns and	family customs and routines	Chinese New Year	Children talk about past and	lives and in the lives of family	lives and in the lives of family
	change.	Diwali	Children talk about past and	present events in their own	members. They know that	members. They know that
	Children know about	Diwaii	present events in their own	lives and in the lives of family	other children don't always	other children don't always
	similarities and differences	Children talk about past and	lives and in the lives of family	members. They know that	enjoy the same things, and	enjoy the same things, and
	- ···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	present events in their own	· · · /			
	in relation to places, objects,	lives and in the lives of family	members. They know that	other children don't always	are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and	are sensitive to this. They know about similarities and
	materials and living things.		other children don't always	enjoy the same things, and		differences between
	They talk about the features	members. They know that	enjoy the same things, and	are sensitive to this. They	differences between	
	of their own immediate	other children don't always	are sensitive to this. They	know about similarities and	themselves and others, and	themselves and others, and
	environment and how	enjoy the same things, and	know about similarities and	differences between	among families, communities	among families, communities
	environments might vary	are sensitive to this. They	differences between	themselves and others, and	and traditions.	and traditions.
	from one another. They make	know about similarities and	themselves and others, and	among families, communities		
	observations of animals and	differences between	among families, communities	and traditions.		
	plants and explain why some	themselves and others, and	and traditions.		They make observations of	Children know about
	things occur, and talk about	among families, communities		Children know about	animals and explain why some	similarities and differences
WTU	changes.	and traditions.		similarities and differences	things occur, and talk about	in relation to places, objects,
			Access ICT within the	in relation to places, objects,	changes.	materials and living things.
	Children talk about past and		classroom – laptops, iPads and	materials and living things.	They talk about the features	
	present events in their own	Access ICT within the	CD player	They make observations and	of their own immediate	Use ICT to create a word
	lives and in the lives of family	classroom – laptops, iPads and		explain why some things	environment and how	document with a images.
	members. They know that	CD player		occur, and talk about	environments might vary	
	other children don't always			changes.	from one another.	
	enjoy the same things, and					
	are sensitive to this. They			Use ICT programmes and	Use ICT to write sentences -	
	know about similarities and			access ICT independently	keyboard skills.	
	differences between				Use iPads to photograph	
	themselves and others, and				sculptures.	
	among families, communities					
	and traditions.					
	Access ICT within the					
	classroom – laptops, iPads and					
	CD player					

	Expressive in	Expressive in				
EAD	art/drama/dance	art/drama/dance	art/drama/dance	art/drama/dance	art/drama/dance	art/drama/dance
	Create 3D structures	Experiments to make	Manipulate materials to make	Use simple tools and	Sing songs	Experiment with form and
	Begin to construct, stacking	different textures using the	a planned effect to support	techniques appropriately to	Make music using instruments	function by making props,
	blocks vertically and	creative provision	play	create art work-	Dance with and without music	pictures and constructions
	horizontally, making	Explores colour mixing in	Construct with a purpose in	independently explore colour	Select effective tools and	linked to own interests and
	enclosures and creating	painting activities	mind through talking about	mixing	techniques from a range of	those that have been taught
	spaces	Combine different media to	ideas and plans	Join materials to make a	those available	throughout the year
	Recognise repeated sounds	create different effects		planned effect talking		
	and sound patterns and		Role play	through ideas and plans	Role play	Role play
	match movements to music	Role play	Chinese Restaurant/ travel		Seaside (beach/ice cream	Seaside (beach/ice cream
		Vets role play	agents	Role play	van/rock pools)	van/rock pools)
	Role play			Children's interest		
	Home corner					