Relationship and Sex Education Policy

This relationship and sex education policy covers Woodton and Ellingham VC Primary Federation approach to teaching relationships and sex education (RSE).

It will be reviewed every three years or sooner if the RSE curriculum is amended, in response to emerging themes, changing pupils needs, or introduction of new legislation and guidance.

**Policy Statement**

Our RSE policy is based on the DFES document ‘Sex and Relationship Education Guidance’ (DFES 0116/2000). In the DFES document, sex education is defined as ‘learning about physical, moral and emotional development’. The guidance states, ‘It is about understanding the importance of marriage for family life, stable and loving relationships, respect, love and care.’

In line with our commitment to the safeguarding of children we teach SRE in line with local and national guidelines ensuring any issues raised are dealt with appropriately and sensitively.

Updated government safeguarding guidance is now available ([Keeping Children Safe in Education, 201](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/keeping-children-safe-in-education--2)8) and includes a section about being alert to signs that young girls may be at risk of female genital mutilation (FGM). School summer holiday especially during the transition from primary to secondary schools is thought to be a key risk time for FGM. See also the government [Multi-agency practice guidelines: Female Genital Mutilation (2016)](https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/multi-agency-statutory-guidance-on-female-genital-mutilation) which includes a section for schools.

RSE has clear links with other school policies aimed at promoting pupils’ spiritual, moral, social and cultural development, including the:

* Anti-Bullying Policy
* Behaviour Policy
* Drug and Alcohol Education Policy
* Equal Opportunities Policy
* Health and Safety Policy
* ICT Policy and Safe Internet Use Policy
* Inclusion Policy
* RE Policy
* Safeguarding/Child Protection Policy
* Special Educational Needs Policy

Aims and Outcomes of RSE in the curriculum:

The overall aim of RSE is to foster a positive notion of lifelong learning about physical, moral and emotional development, including how to look after physical and mental health. It aims to support the development of selfrespect and empathy for others and promotes the development of skills and understanding necessary to manage conflict peaceably and learn how to recognise and avoid exploitation and abuse.

RSE provides opportunities for pupils to:

 • better understand the nature of human relationships

• learn about relationships, the importance of communication and assertiveness skills including the importance of values such as respect (for self and others), equality, responsibility, care and compassion

• reflect upon the importance of stable and loving relationships for family life, including the bringing up of children, this also includes marriage and civil partnerships

• consider and understand the changes that occur to their bodies, minds and emotions as a consequence of growth from childhood to adulthood

• reflect upon how to make good, informed and safe choices concerning relationships and healthy lifestyles.

To fulfil these aims, we are using Jigsaw as a scheme of work to ensure all children are taught and access RSE to prepare them for life. RSE is taught across the whole school weekly throughout Spring 2, and follows the Jigsaw scheme for ‘Changing Me’.

**Jigsaw RSE Content**

The grid below shows specific RSE learning intentions for each year group in the ‘Changing Me’ Puzzle.

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| ***Year Group***  | ***Piece Number and Name***  | ***Learning Intentions*** ***‘Pupils will be able to…’***  |
| *FS1/2*  | Piece 3 Growing Up  | D4 - Seek out others to share experiences. Show affection and concern for people who are special to them D6 - Explain own knowledge and understanding, and ask appropriate questions of others ELG - Show sensitivity to others’ needs and feelings  |
| *1*  | Piece 4 Boys’ and Girls’ Bodies  | identify the parts of the body that make boys different to girls and use the correct names for these: penis, testicles, vagina  respect my body and understand which parts are private  |
| *2*  | Piece 4 Boys’ and Girls’ Bodies  | recognise the physical differences between boys and girls, use the correct names for parts of the body (penis, testicles, vagina) and appreciate that some parts of my body are private  tell you what I like/don’t like about being a boy/girl  |
| *3*  | Piece 1  How Babies Grow  | understand that in animals and humans lots of changes happen between conception and growing up, and that usually it is the female who has the baby  express how I feel when I see babies or baby animals  |
| Piece 2  Babies  | understand how babies grow and develop in the mother’s uterus and understand what a baby needs to live and grow   express how I might feel if I had a new baby in my family  |
| Piece 3 Outside Body Changes  | understand that boys’ and girls’ bodies need to change so that when they grow up their bodies can make babies  identify how boys’ and girls’ bodies change on the outside during this growing up process  recognise how I feel about these changes happening to me and know how to cope with those feelings   |
| Piece 4 Inside Body Changes  | identify how boys’ and girls’ bodies change on the inside during the growing up process and why these changes are necessary so that their bodies can make babies when they grow up  recognise how I feel about these changes happening to me and how to cope with these feelings   |
| *4*  | Piece 2 Having A Baby  | correctly label the internal and external parts of male and female bodies that are necessary for making a baby  understand that having a baby is a personal choice and express how I feel about having children when I am an adult  |
| Piece 3 Girls and Puberty  | describe how a girl’s body changes in order for her to be able to have babies when she is an adult, and that menstruation (having periods) is a natural part of this  know that I have strategies to help me cope with the physical and emotional changes I will experience during puberty   |
| *5*  | Piece 2 Puberty for Girls  | explain how a girl’s body changes during puberty and understand the importance of looking after myself physically and emotionally  understand that puberty is a natural process that happens to everybody and that it will be OK for me   |
| Piece 3 Puberty for Boys and Girls  | describe how boys’ and girls’ bodies change during puberty  express how I feel about the changes that will happen to me during puberty   |
| Piece 4 Conception  | understand that sexual intercourse can lead to conception and that is how babies are usually made  understand that sometimes people need IVF to help them have a baby  appreciate how amazing it is that human bodies can reproduce in these ways   |
| *6*  | Piece 2 Puberty  | explain how girls’ and boys’ bodies change during puberty and understand the importance of looking after myself physically and emotionally  express how I feel about the changes that will happen to me during puberty   |
| Piece 3 Girl Talk/Boy Talk  | ask the questions I need answered about changes during puberty  reflect on how I feel about asking the questions and about the answers I receive  |
| Piece 4 Babies – Conception to Birth  | describe how a baby develops from conception through the nine months of pregnancy, and how it is born  recognise how I feel when I reflect on the development and birth of a baby  |
| Piece 5 Attraction  | understand how being physically attracted to someone changes the nature of the relationship    express how I feel about the growing independence of becoming a teenager and am confident that I can cope with this  |

**Organisation**

The school’s RSE programme will not be delivered in isolation but will be firmly embedded in relevant curriculum areas including PSHE, Citizenship, RE, Literacy and assemblies.

RSE is normally delivered by class teachers in mixed gender groups other than when it is deemed more appropriate for topics to be covered in single sex groups. Occasionally, appropriate and suitably experienced and/or knowledgeable visitors from outside school may be invited to contribute to the delivery of RSE in school.

**Links to other policies and curriculum areas**

We recognise the clear link between Jigsaw PSHE and the following policies and staff are aware of the need to refer to these policies when appropriate.

* Science curriculum
* Teaching and Learning Policy
* Equal Opportunities Policy
* Child Protection Policy

**Withdrawal from RSE lessons**

Parents/carers have the right to withdraw their children from all or part of the Relationship and Sex Education provided at school except for those parts included in statutory National Curriculum Science. Those parents/carers wishing to exercise this right are invited in to see the head teacher and/or RSE Co-ordinator who will explore any concerns and discuss any impact that withdrawal may have on the child. Once a child has been withdrawn they cannot take part in the RSE programme until the request for withdrawal has been removed.

**Working with parents and carers**

The government guidance on RSE (DfEE 2000) emphasises the importance of schools working in partnership with parents and carers. Under current legislation schools should enable parents/carers to exercise their right to withdraw their children (until the age of 19) from any school RSE taught outside National Curriculum Science (Education Act 1996). This applies to maintained primary and secondary schools and includes pupils attending a sixth form that is part of a school. Parents/carers have a legal right to see the school RSE policy and to be given a copy of it (Education Act 1996). Parents/carers should also be aware that schools are legally required to provide a broad and balanced curriculum. Sex and relationships topics can arise incidentally in other subjects, such as Science, and it is not possible to withdraw pupils from these relatively limited and often unplanned discussions.

**Staff Professional Development**

All staff benefit from Jigsaw PSHE training in order to enhance their PSHE delivery skills.  Opportunities are provided for staff to identify individual training needs on a yearly basis and relevant support is provided.

In addition to this, support for teaching and understanding PSHE issues is incorporated in our staff INSET programme, drawing on staff expertise and/or a range of external agencies.

**Specific Issues within RSE**

**Language**

During all RSE lessons across KS1 and KS2, the correct terms for all body parts and functions will be used.  Sex-related slang words will be clarified in a factual way and it is made clear to pupils which words are potentially offensive and that from this point onwards, the correct terms will be used.  This aims to prevent bullying of children for not knowing definitions and points out the offensive nature of some words.

**Teaching Sensitive and Controversial Issues**

Sensitive and controversial issues are certain to arise in learning from real-life experience. Teachers will be prepared to handle personal issues arising from the work, to deal sensitively with, and to follow up appropriately, disclosures made in a group or individual setting.  Issues that we address that are likely to be sensitive and controversial because they have a political, social or personal impact or deal with values and beliefs include: family lifestyles and values, physical and medical issues, financial issues, bullying and bereavement.

Teachers will take all reasonable, practical steps to ensure that, where political or controversial issues are brought to pupils’ attention, they are offered a balanced presentation of opposing views. Teachers will adopt strategies that seek to avoid bias on their part and will teach pupils how to recognise bias and evaluate evidence. Teachers will seek to establish a classroom climate in which all pupils are free from any fear of expressing reasonable points of view that contradict those held either by their class teachers or their peers.

**Answering Difficult Questions and Sensitive Issues**

Staff members are aware that views around RSE issues are varied.  However, while personal views are respected, all RSE issues are taught without bias using Jigsaw.  Topics are presented using a variety of views and beliefs so that pupils are able to form their own, informed opinions but also respect that others have the right to a different opinion.

Both formal and informal RSE Education arising from pupils’ questions are answered according to the age and maturity of the pupil(s) concerned.  Questions do not have to be answered directly and can be addressed individually later.  The school believes that individual teachers must use their skill and discretion in this area and refer to the Designated Safeguarding Lead if they are concerned.

Our school believes that RSE Education should meet the needs of all pupils, answer appropriate questions and offer support. In Jigsaw Pieces that cover RSE provision, this should be regardless of their developing sexuality and be able to deal honestly and sensitively with sexual orientation, answer appropriate questions and offer support. Homophobic bullying is dealt with strongly yet sensitively.  The school liaises with parents/carers on this issue to reassure them of the content and context.

**Sexual Identity and Sexual Orientation**

Woodton and Ellingham Federation believes that RSE should meet the needs of all pupils regardless of their developing sexuality and be able to deal honestly and sensitively with sexual orientation, answer appropriate questions and offer support.  Homophobic bullying is dealt with strongly yet sensitively in line with our Anti-Bullying Policy.

 **Confidentiality and Child Protection/Safeguarding Issues**

As a general rule a child’s confidentiality is maintained by the teacher or member of staff concerned.  If this person believes that the child is at risk or in danger, she/he talks to the named child protection co-ordinator who takes action as laid down in the Child Protection Policy. All staff members are familiar with the policy and know the identity of the member of staff with responsibility for Child Protection issues. The child concerned will be informed that confidentiality is being breached and reasons why.  The child will be supported by the teacher throughout the process.

**Dissemination**

This policy is available on our school website where it can be accessed by the community. Training is regularly delivered to staff on the policy content. Copies are available from the school office on request from parents/carers.

**Policy Review**

This policy is reviewed on a 3-year cycle. It will next be reviewed in ————